



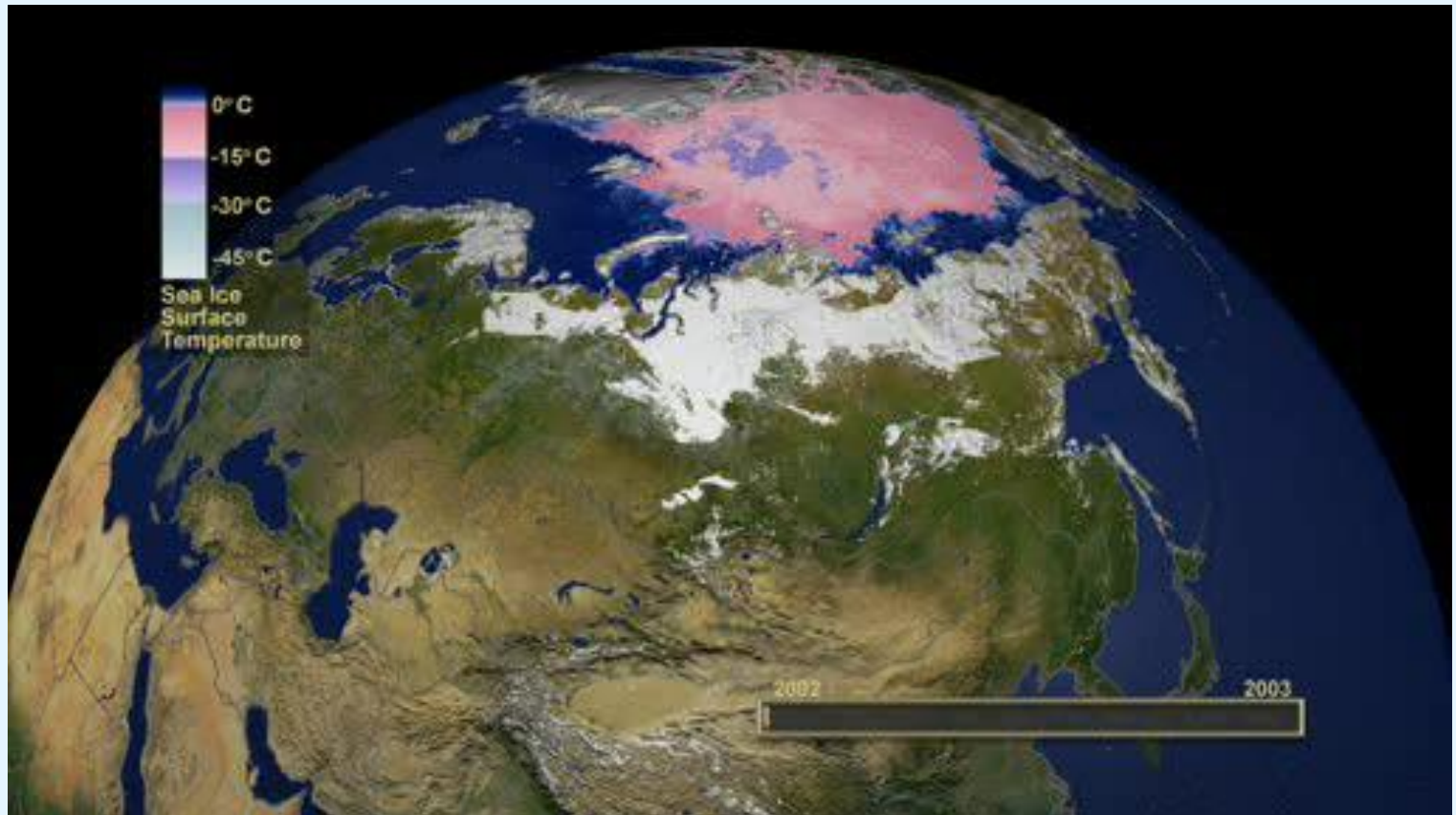
WSL Institut für Schnee und Lawinenforschung SLF Davos

Snow Distribution Today and Tomorrow

Michi Lehning

Presentation Pianeta 3000 - IL CAMBIAMENTO CLIMATICO E L'ACQUA DEL FUTURO: IL CASO DELLE ALPI

Snow – The Hemispheric View



Snow at the Slope Scale



Snow – The Avalanche





Scope of this Presentation

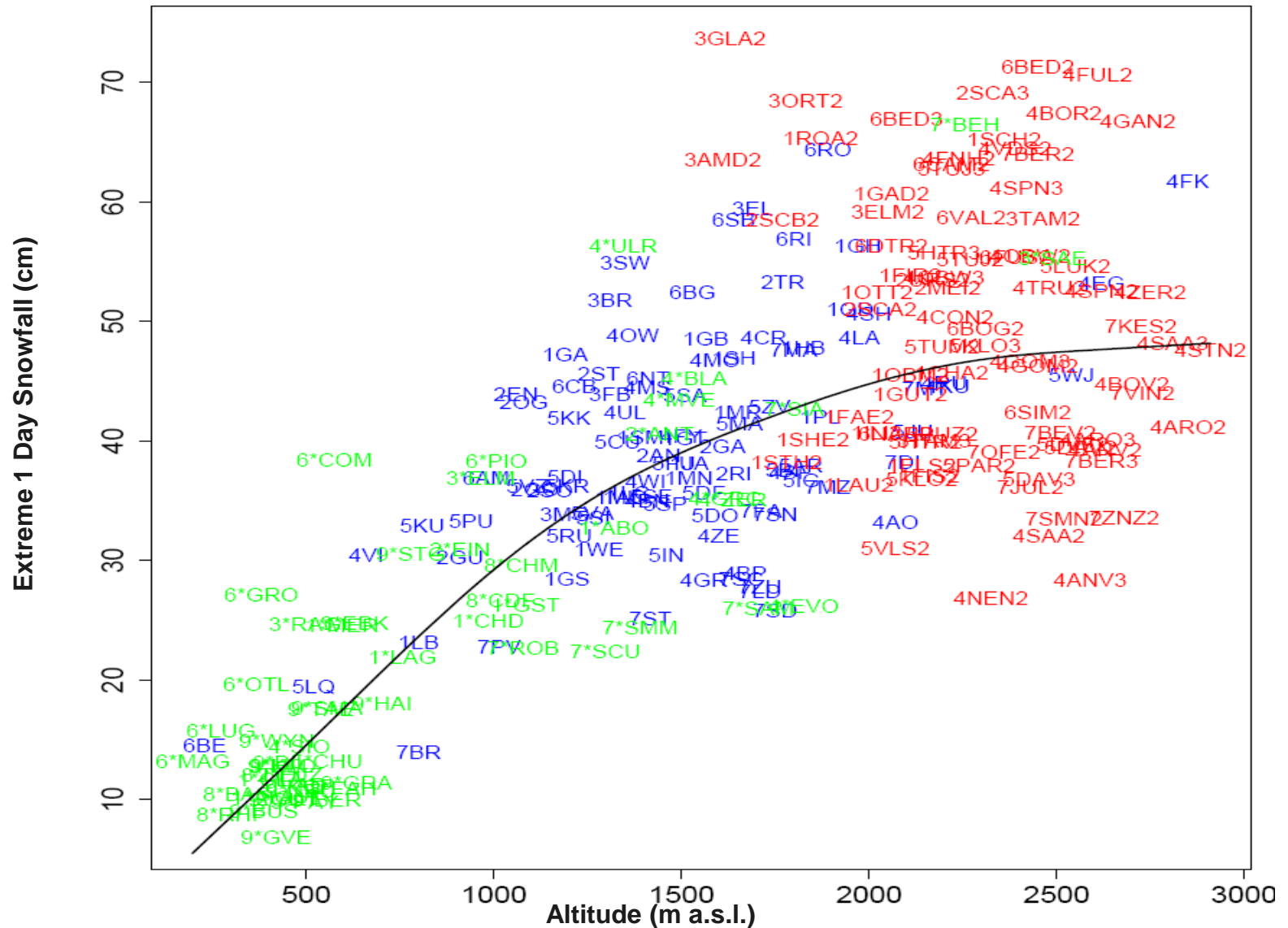
- Part I: Characteristics of Mountain Snow Distribution
- Part II: Process Description of Mountain Snow Distribution
- Part II: Scaling and Smoothing – Statistical Description
- Part IV: Predicted Changes of the Mountain Snow Cover



Part I

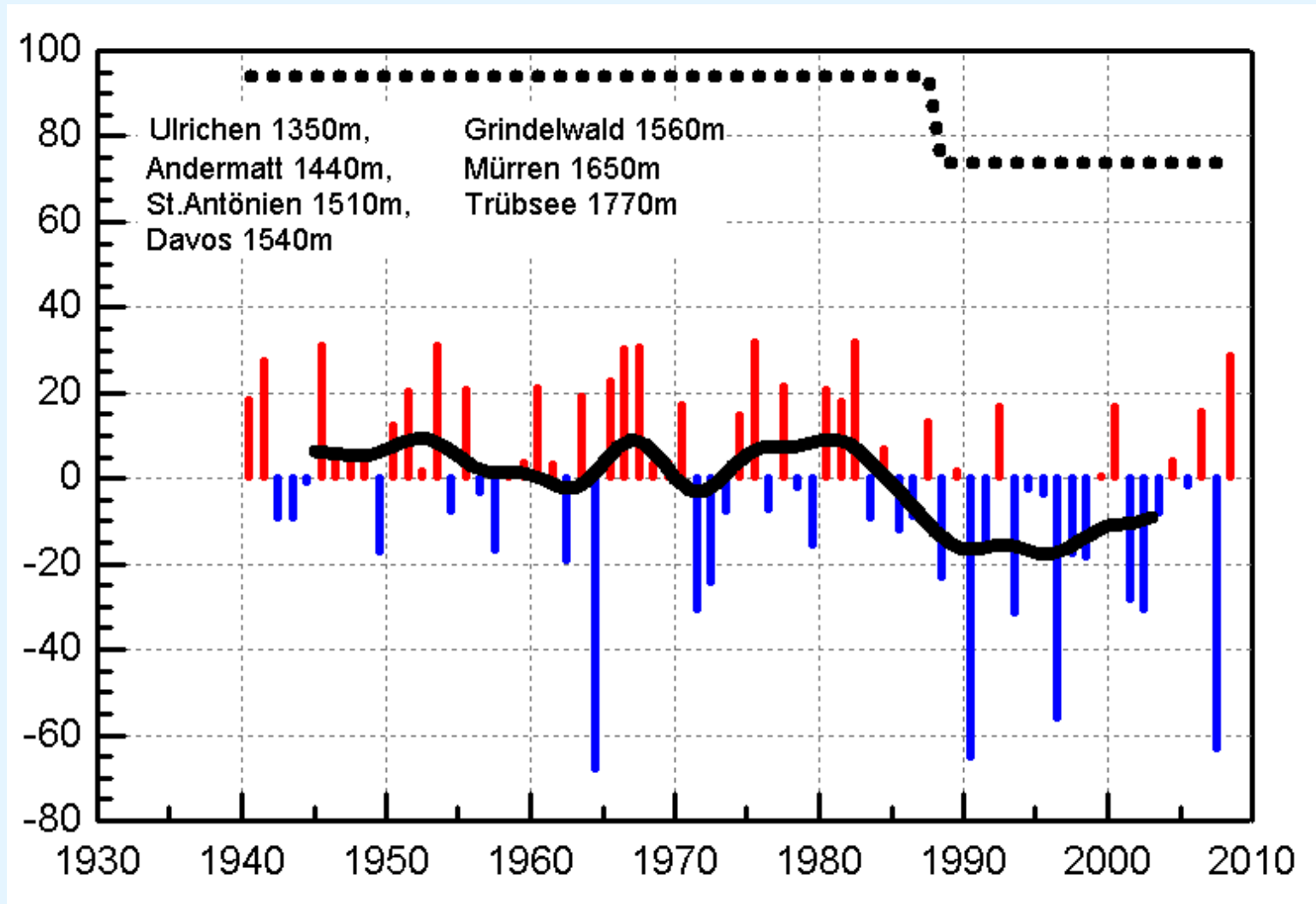
Characteristics of Mountain Snow Distribution

Extreme Snow Fall Events in Switzerland

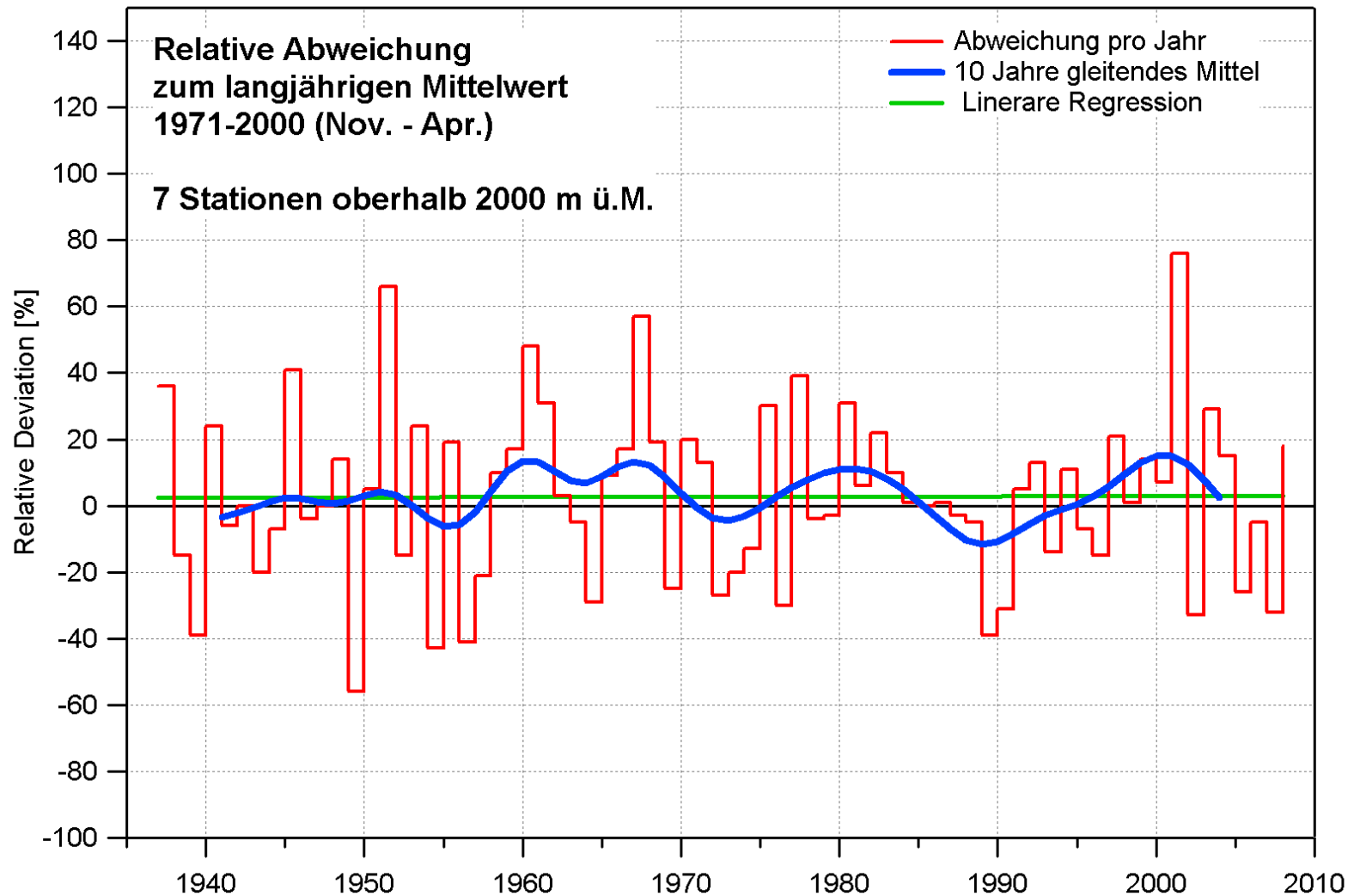


Trend in Snow Days in Northern Alps

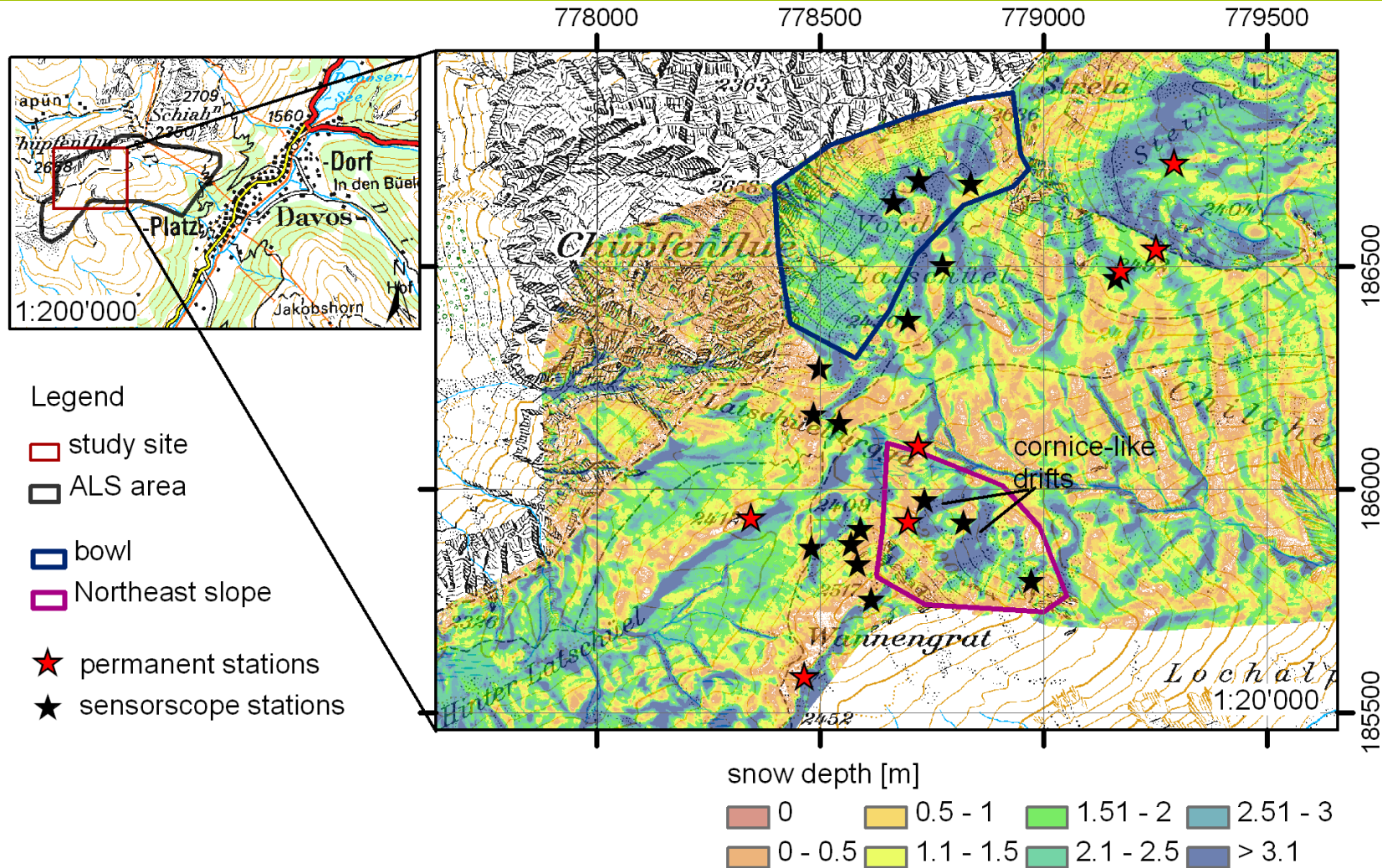
Deviation from the mean 1961-1990



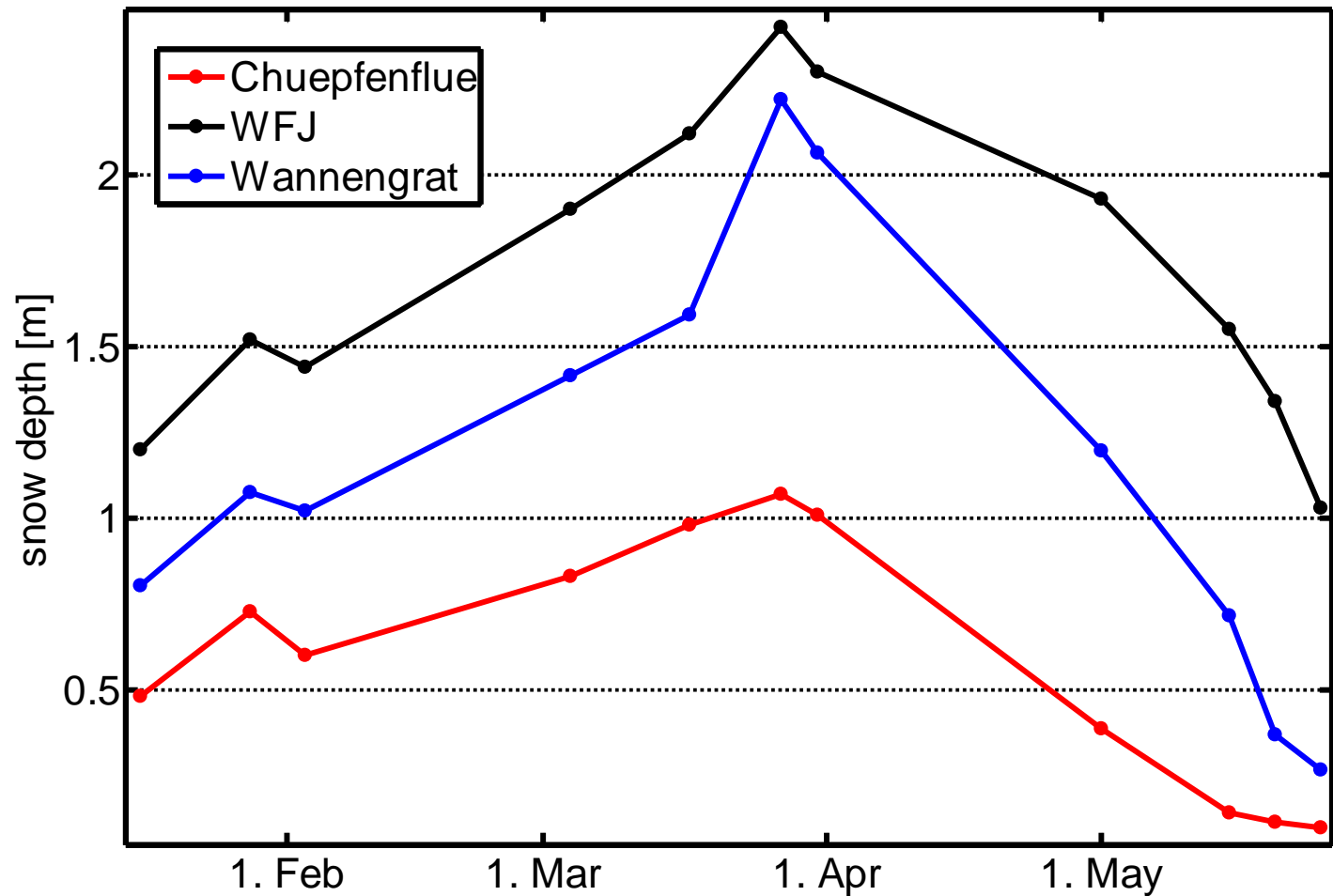
No change currently above 2000 m



New Measurements: ALS at Wannengrat



Intra-annual SWE development

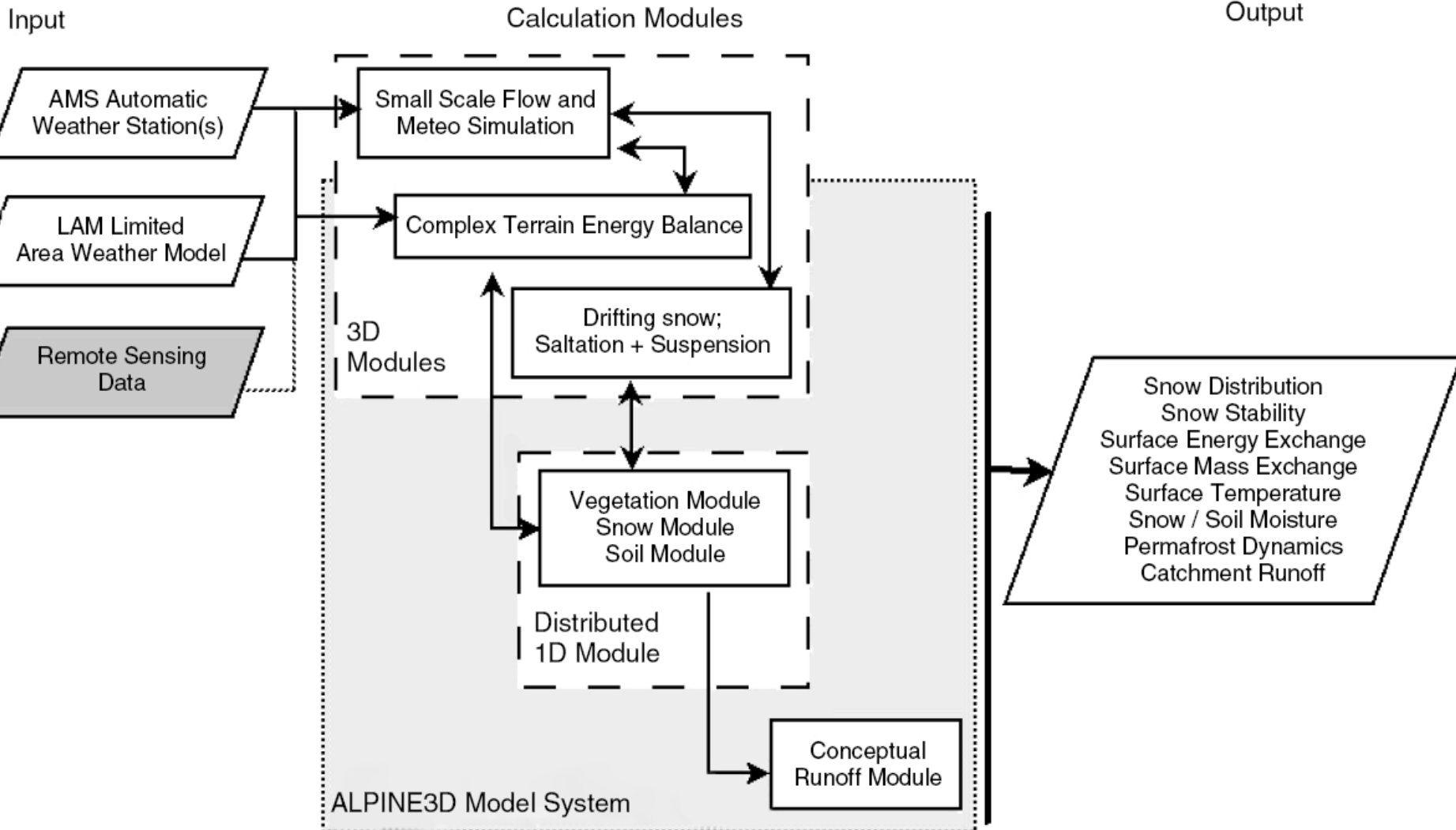


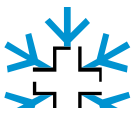
Process Description of Mountain Snow Distribution



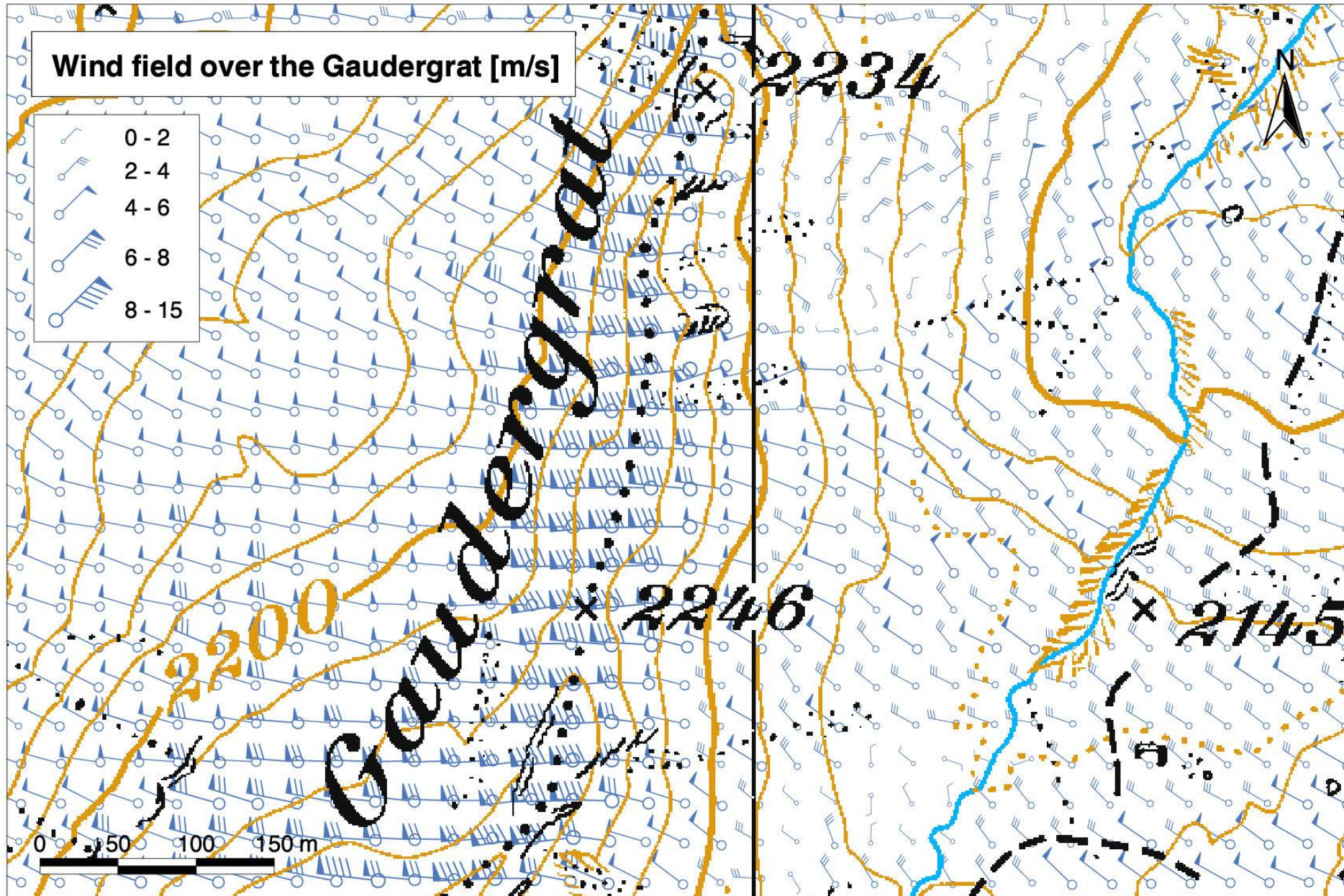


Alpine3D: Model Overview



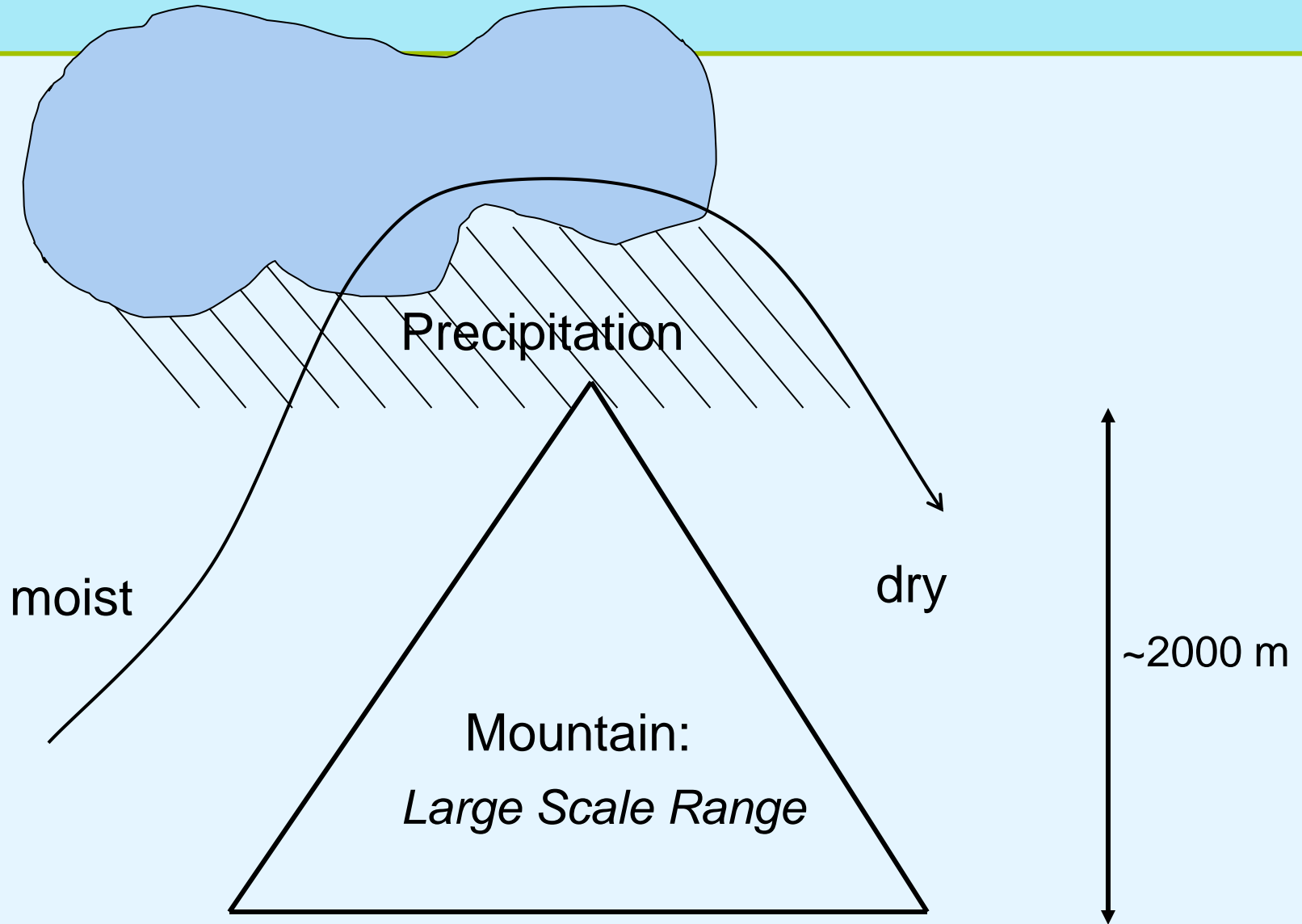


Wind Field Simulation with ARPS

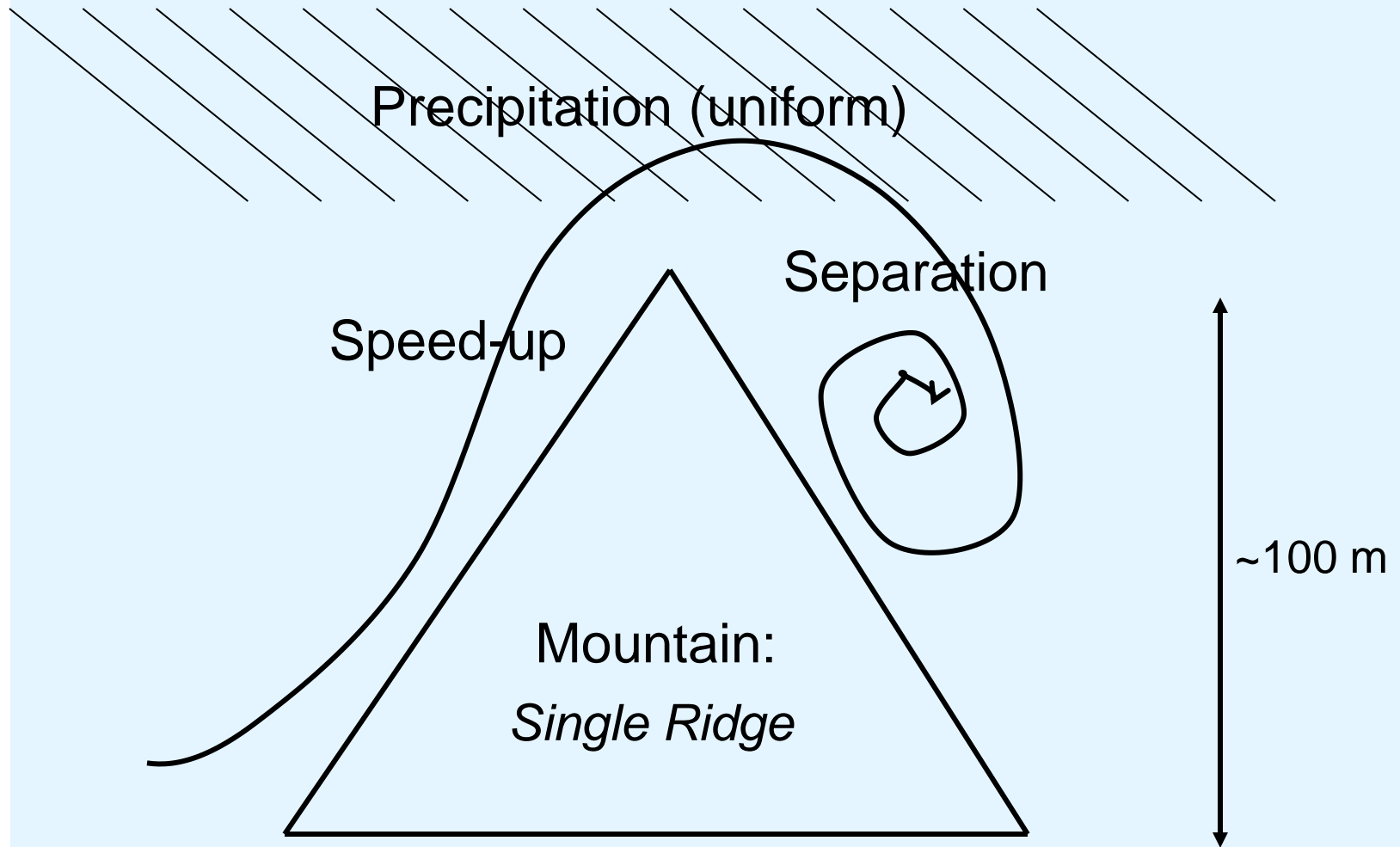




Precipitation and Mountains



Precipitation and Mountains



Preferential Deposition in Alpine3D

Stationary Diffusion Equation for Snow Particles:

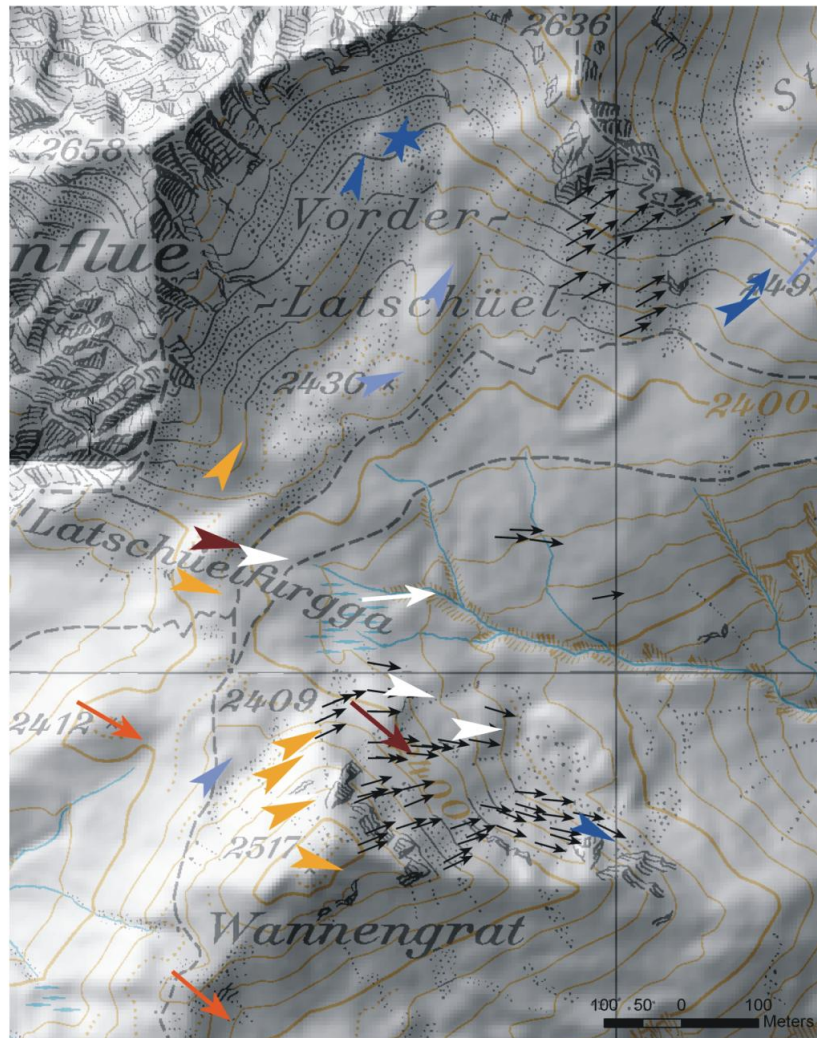
$$\nabla \cdot (K(\mathbf{x}) \nabla c(\mathbf{x})) - \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot \nabla c(\mathbf{x}) = 0$$

$$\mathbf{u} = (u, v, w - w_s)$$

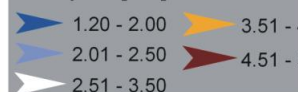
Lower Boundary Condition (Robin Type):

$$-\mathbf{n}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot K(\mathbf{x}) \nabla c(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{K^\perp(\mathbf{x})}{h_{\text{ref}}} [c(\mathbf{x}) - (c_{\text{salt}}(\mathbf{x}) + c_{\text{prec}})]$$

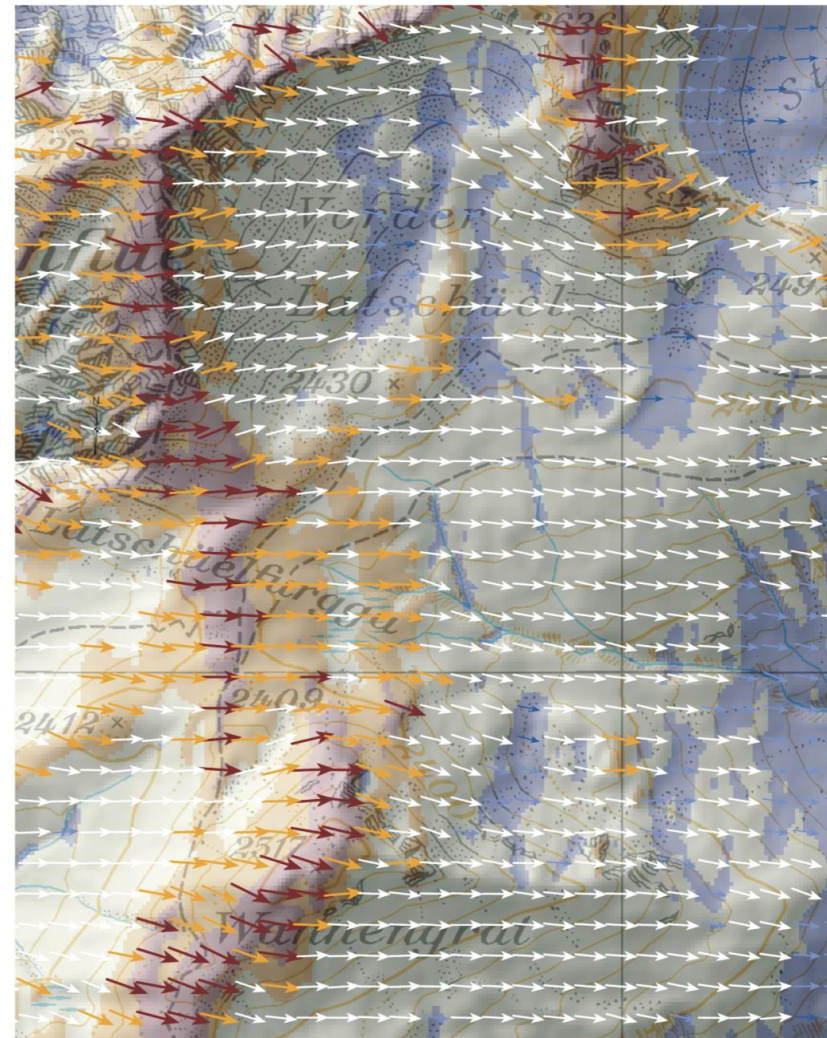
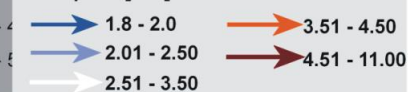
Flow features and deposition



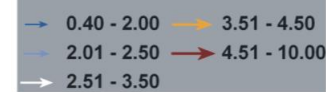
Sensorscope station
wind speed [m/s]



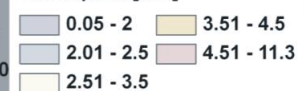
Permanent stations
wind speed [m/s]



wind speed [m/s] and
wind direction



wind speed [m/s]

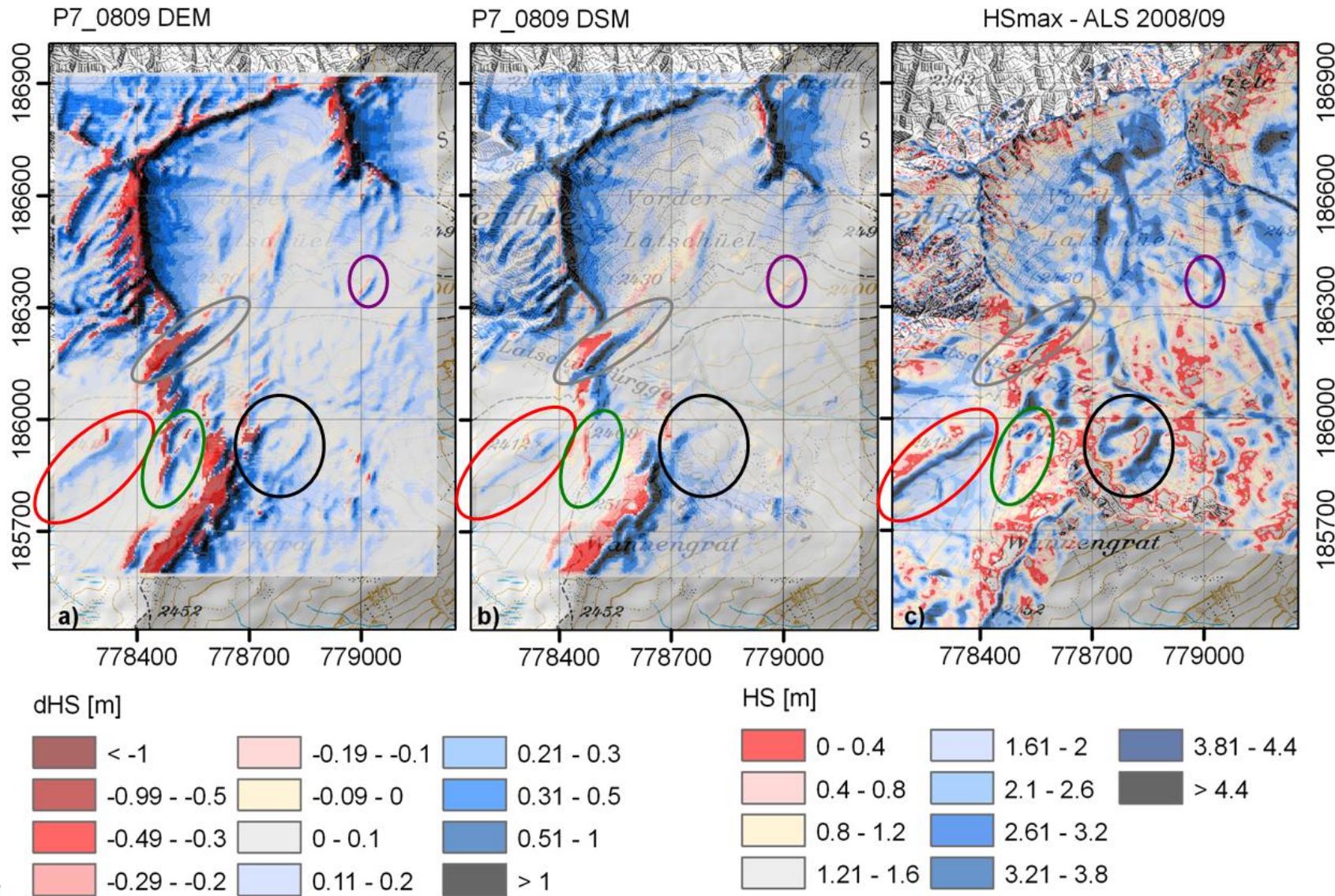


a)

b)

Mott et al., TCD, 2010

Alpine3D – Simulation @ Wannengrat



Process Description of Sublimation in Blowing Snow Clouds



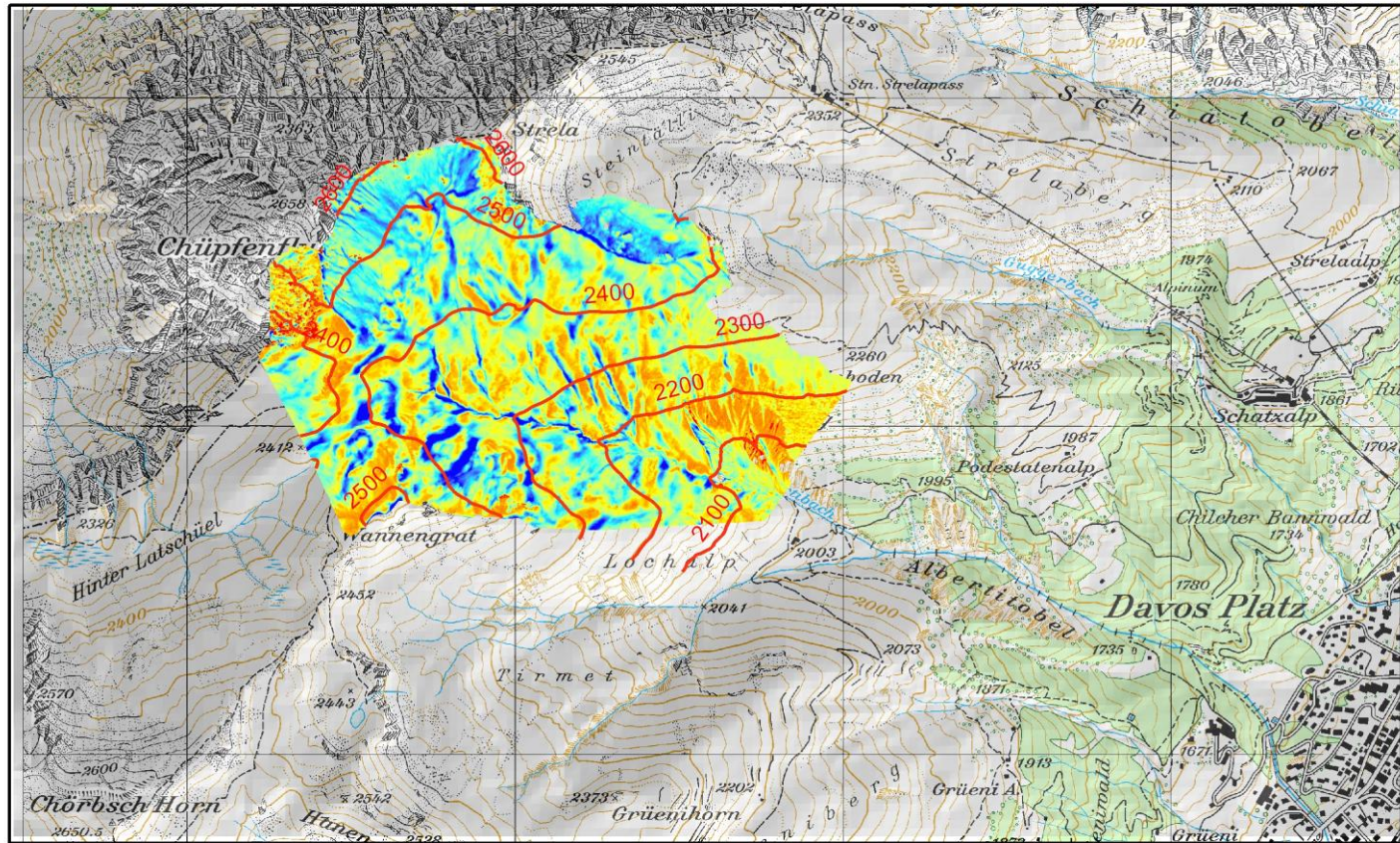


Part III

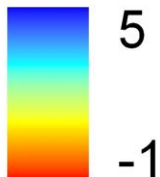
Scaling and Smoothing – Statistical Description

Result: ALS Wannengrat 2008

ALS WAN 2008-04-26



HS [m]

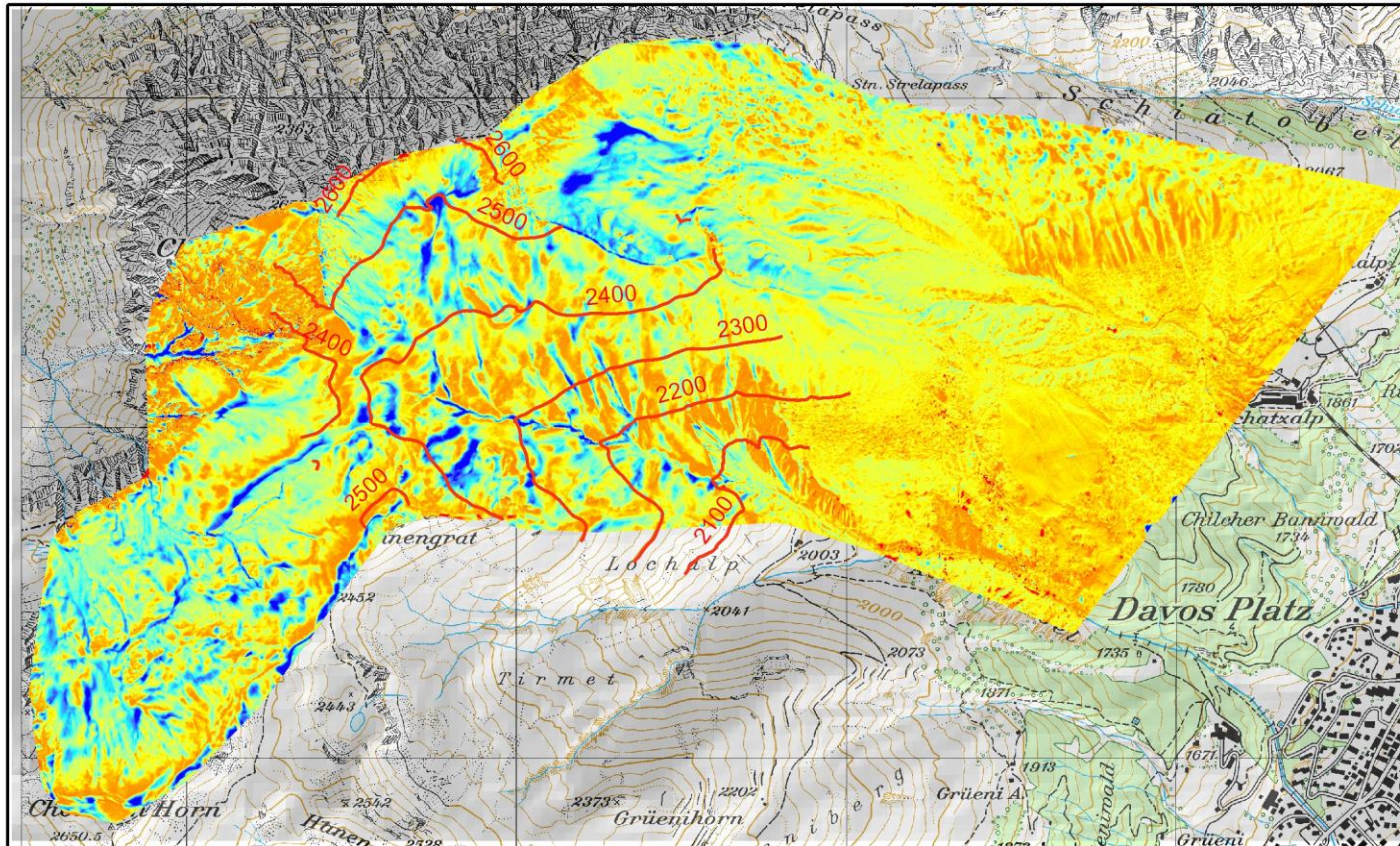


500 250 0 Meters

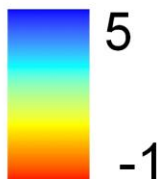


Result: ALS Wannengrat 2009

ALS WAN 2009-04-09

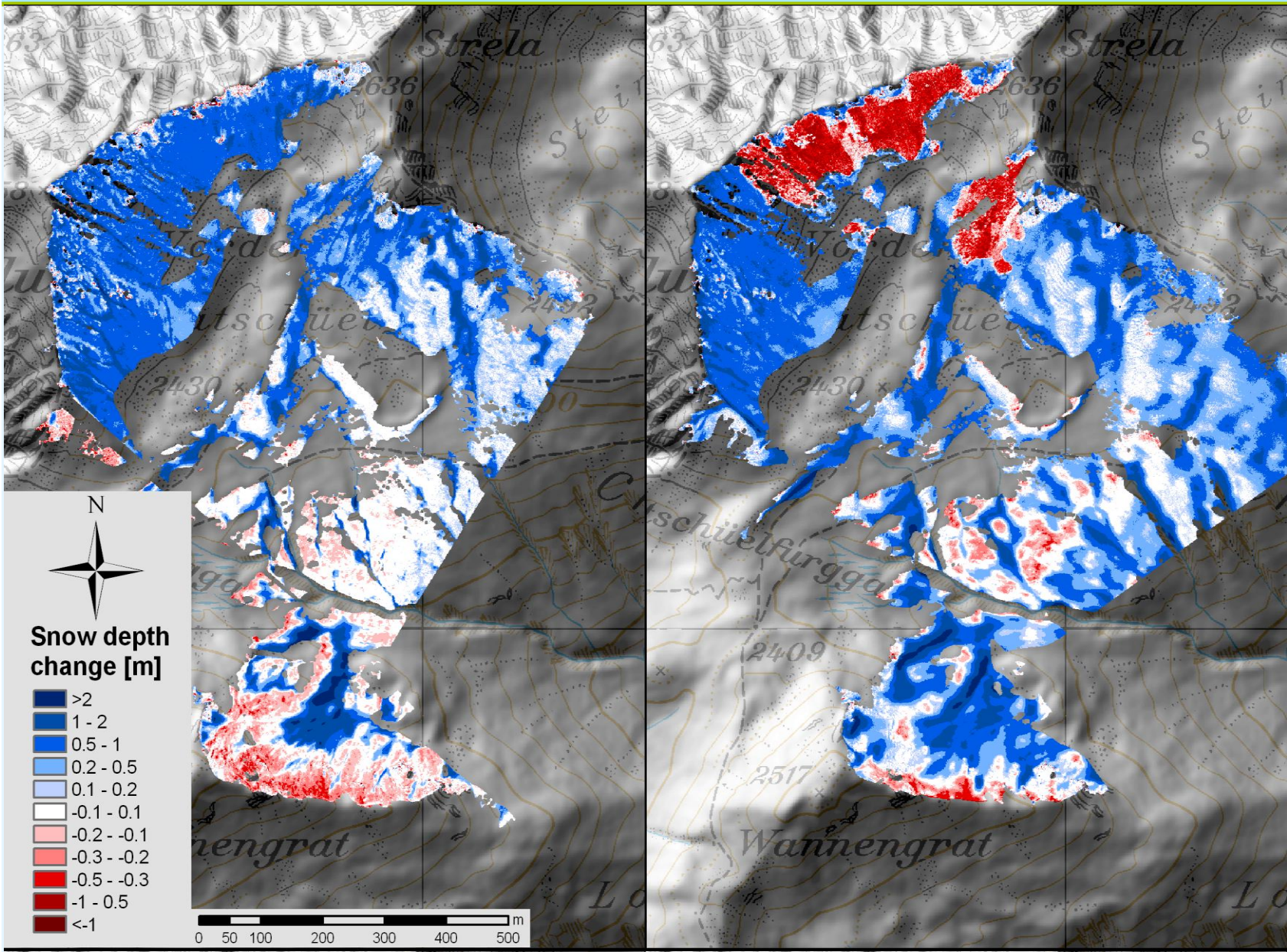


HS [m]

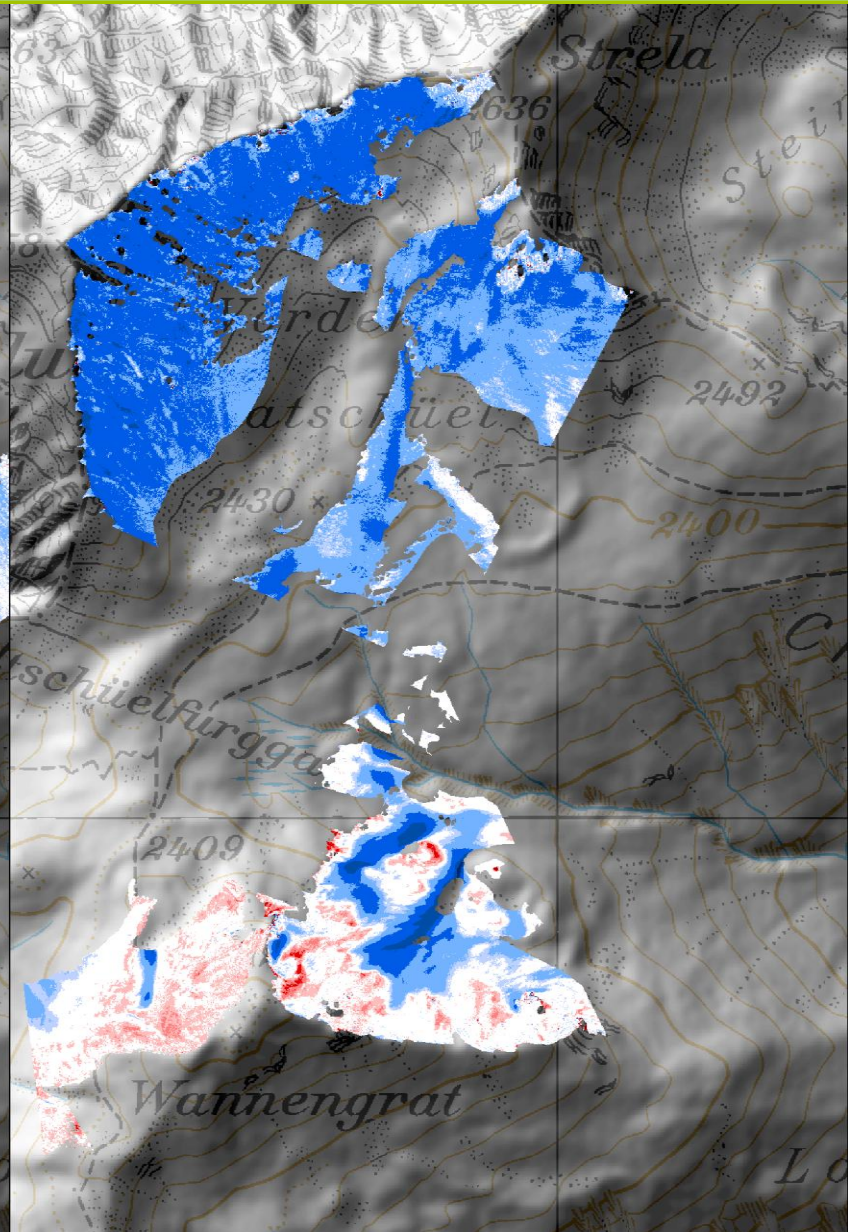
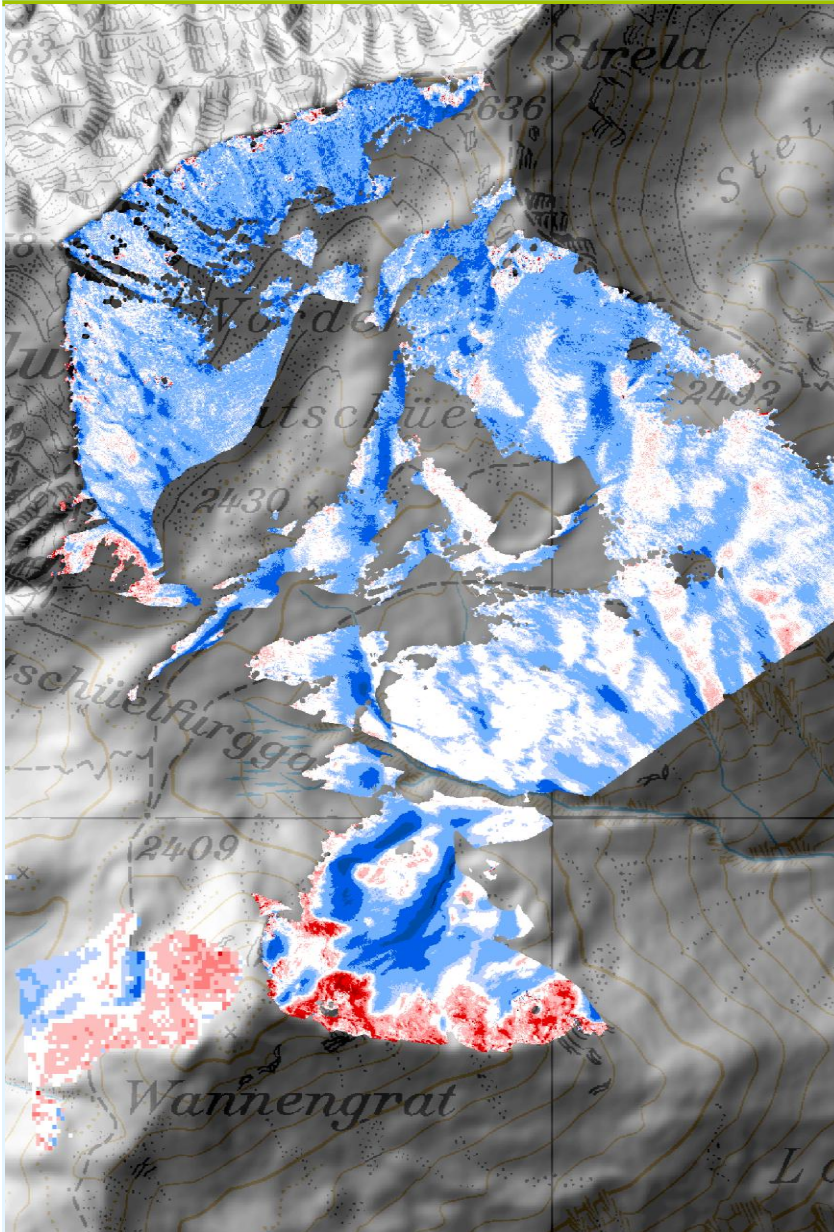


500 250 0 Meters

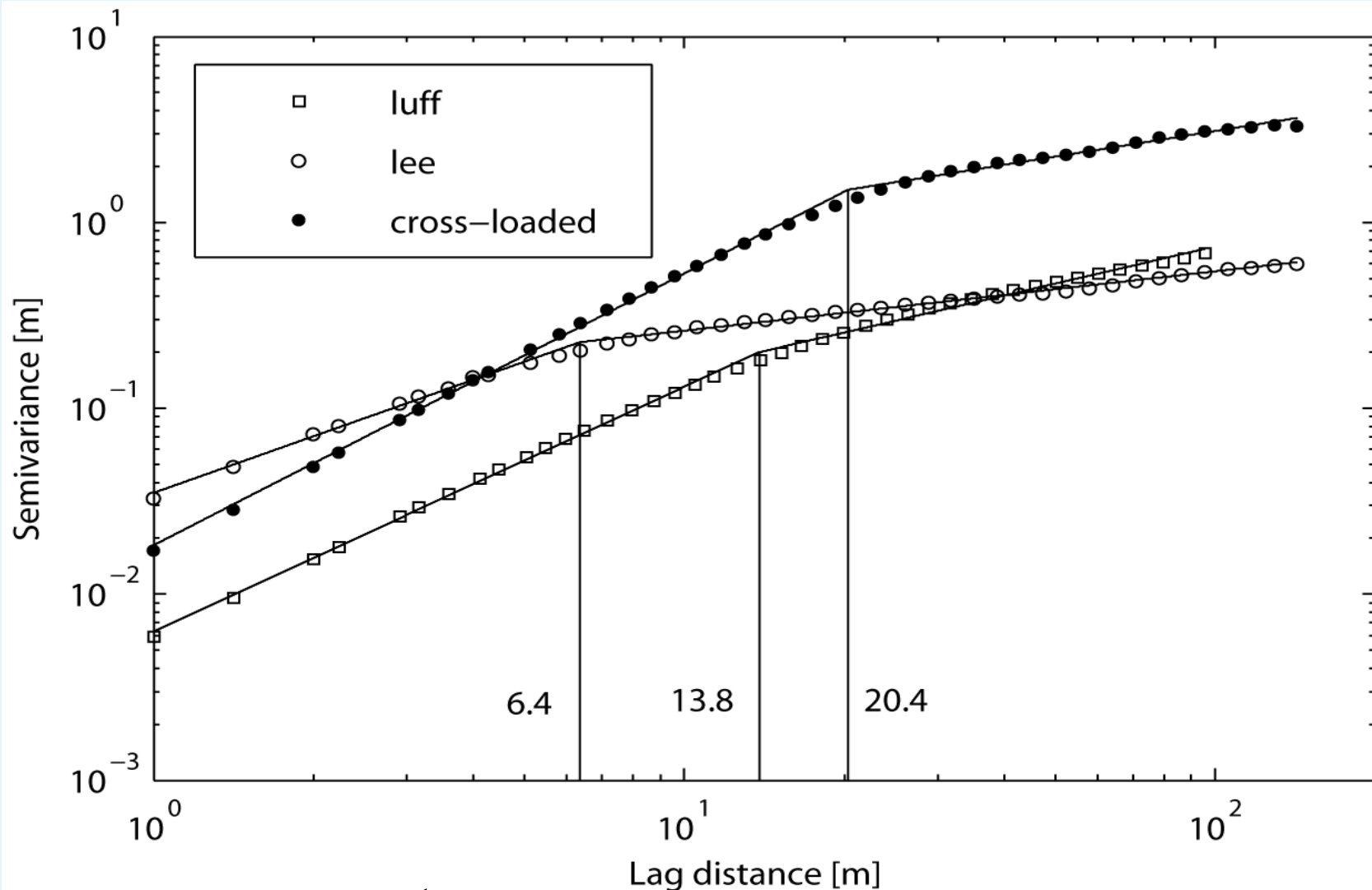
Snow Depth Changes in Time 2009



Snow Depth Changes in Time 2009

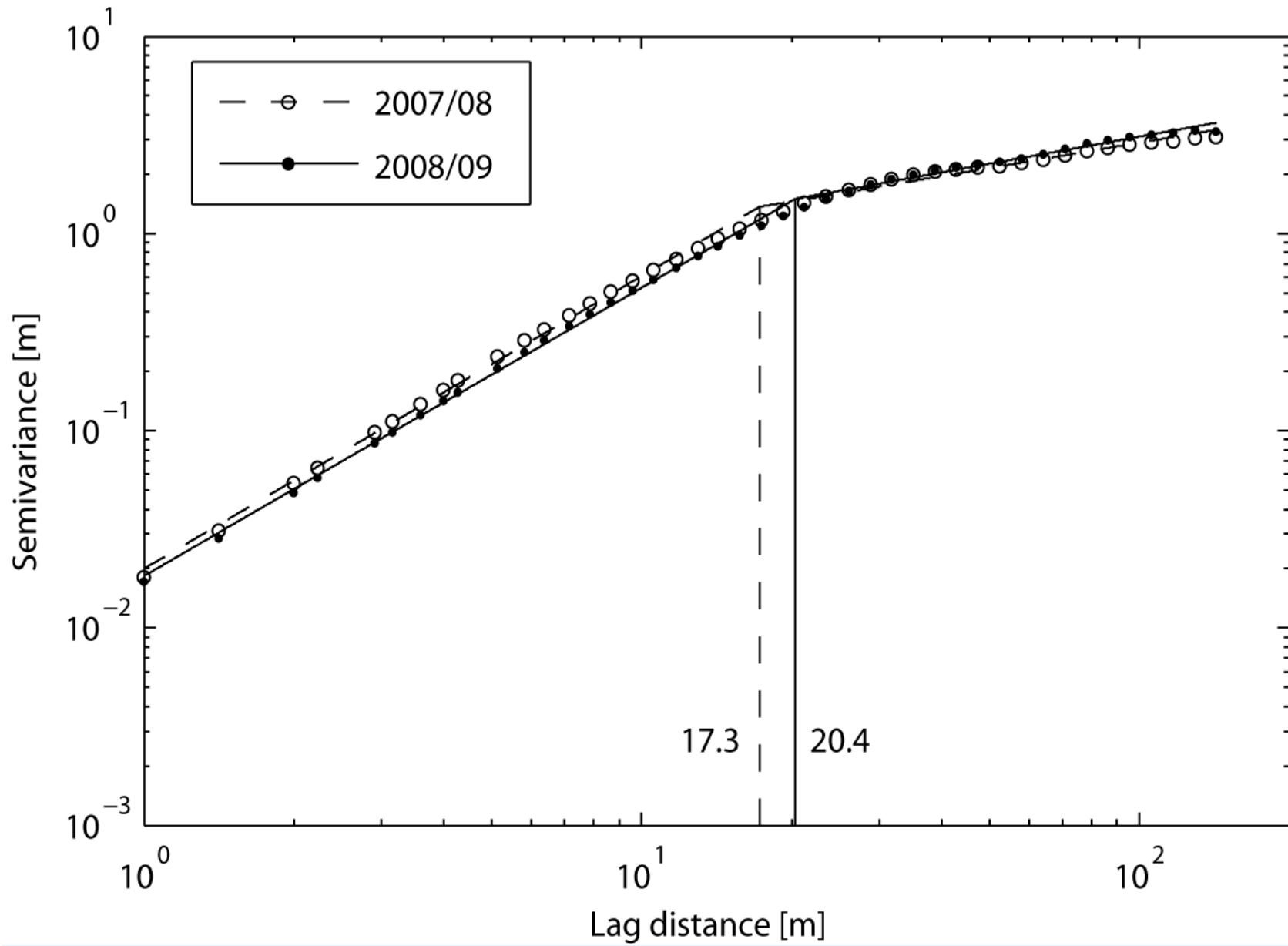


Scaling Properties based on Variograms



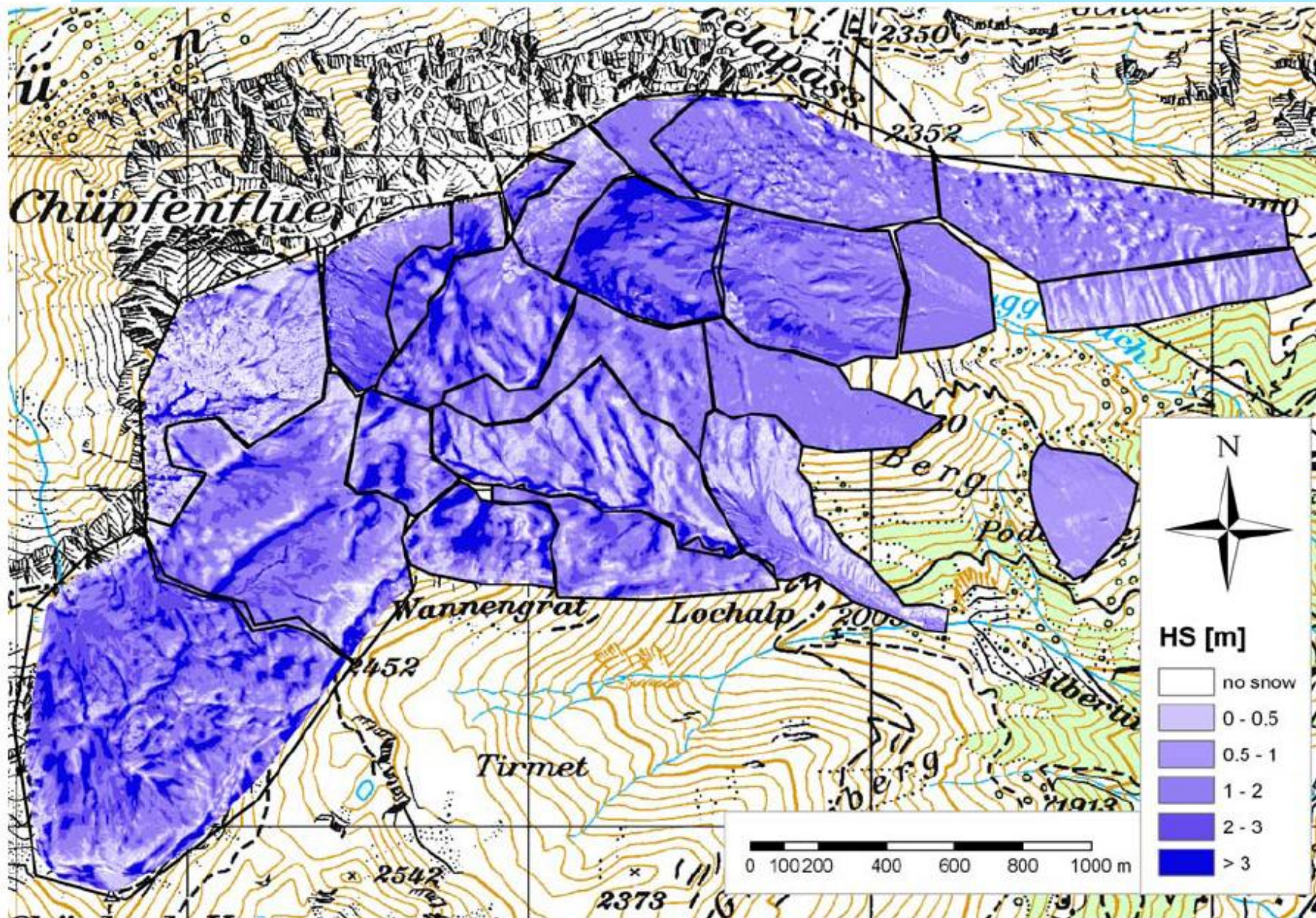
$$SV(lag) = \frac{1}{2n_{lag}} \sum_{lag} (hs(x) - hs(x + lag))^2$$

Scaling Properties based on Variograms

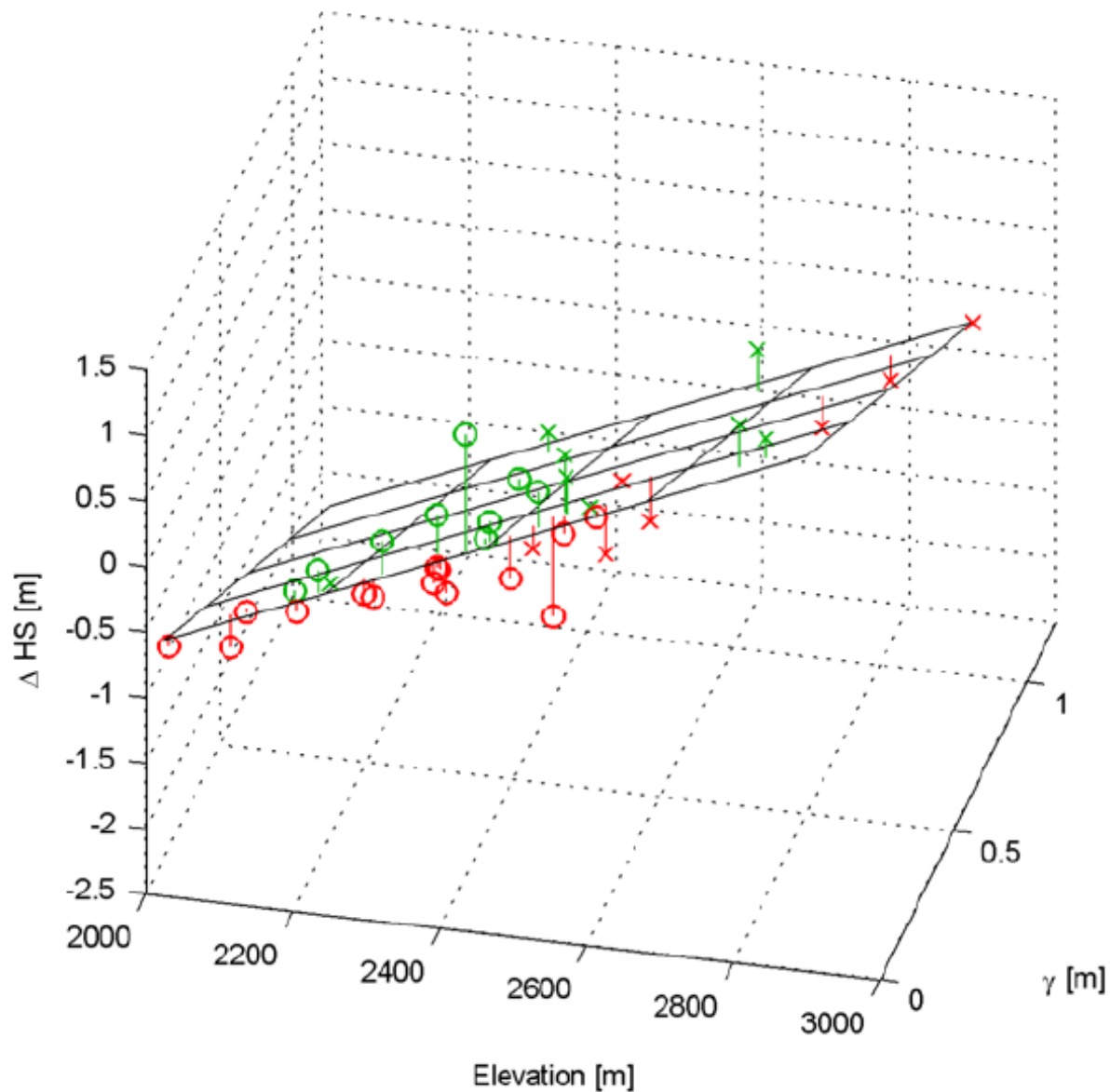




Prediction of Snow Depth in Sub-Areas



Prediction of Snow Depth with Roughness Parameter

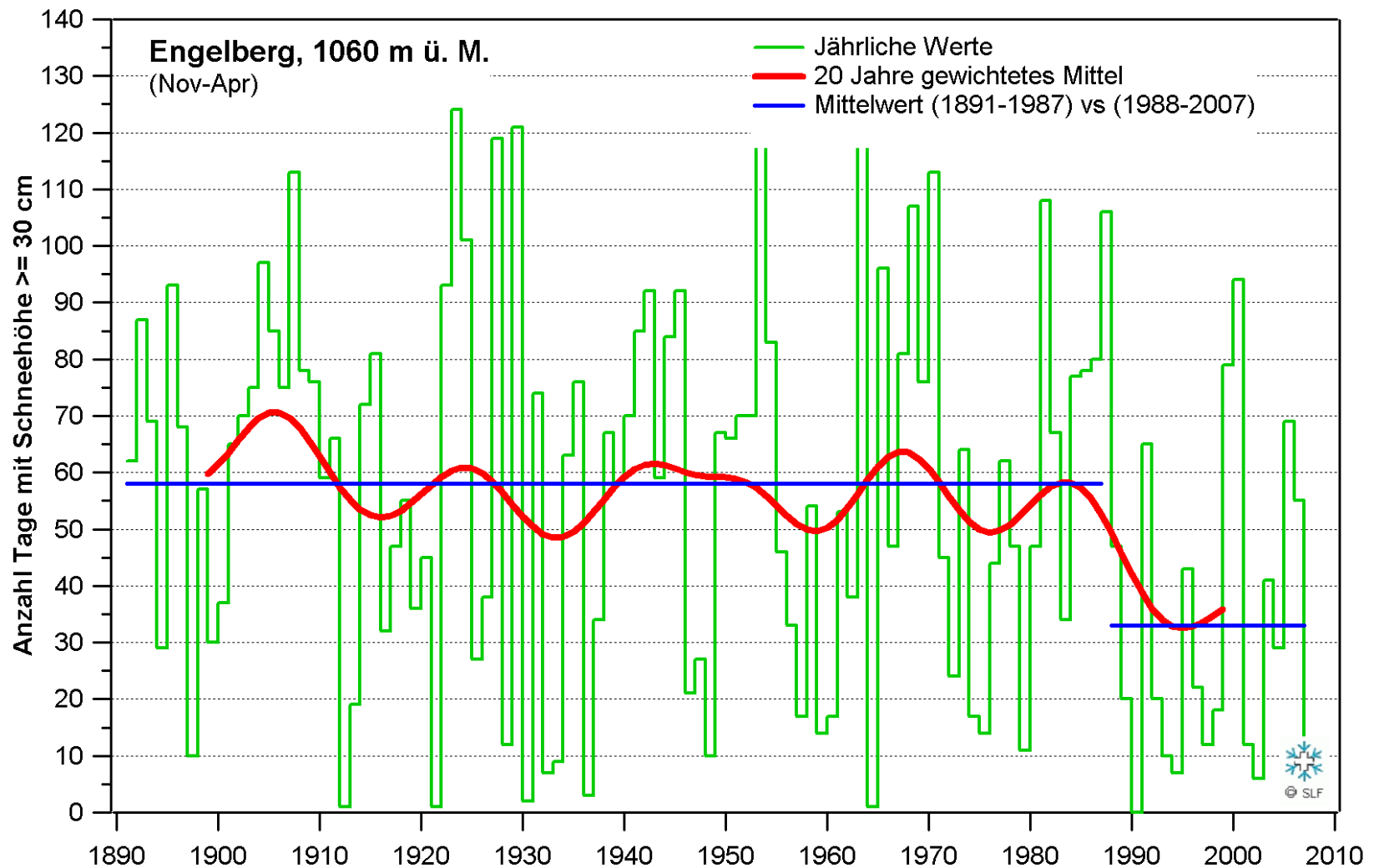




Part IV

Observed and Predicted Changes of the Alpine Snow Cover

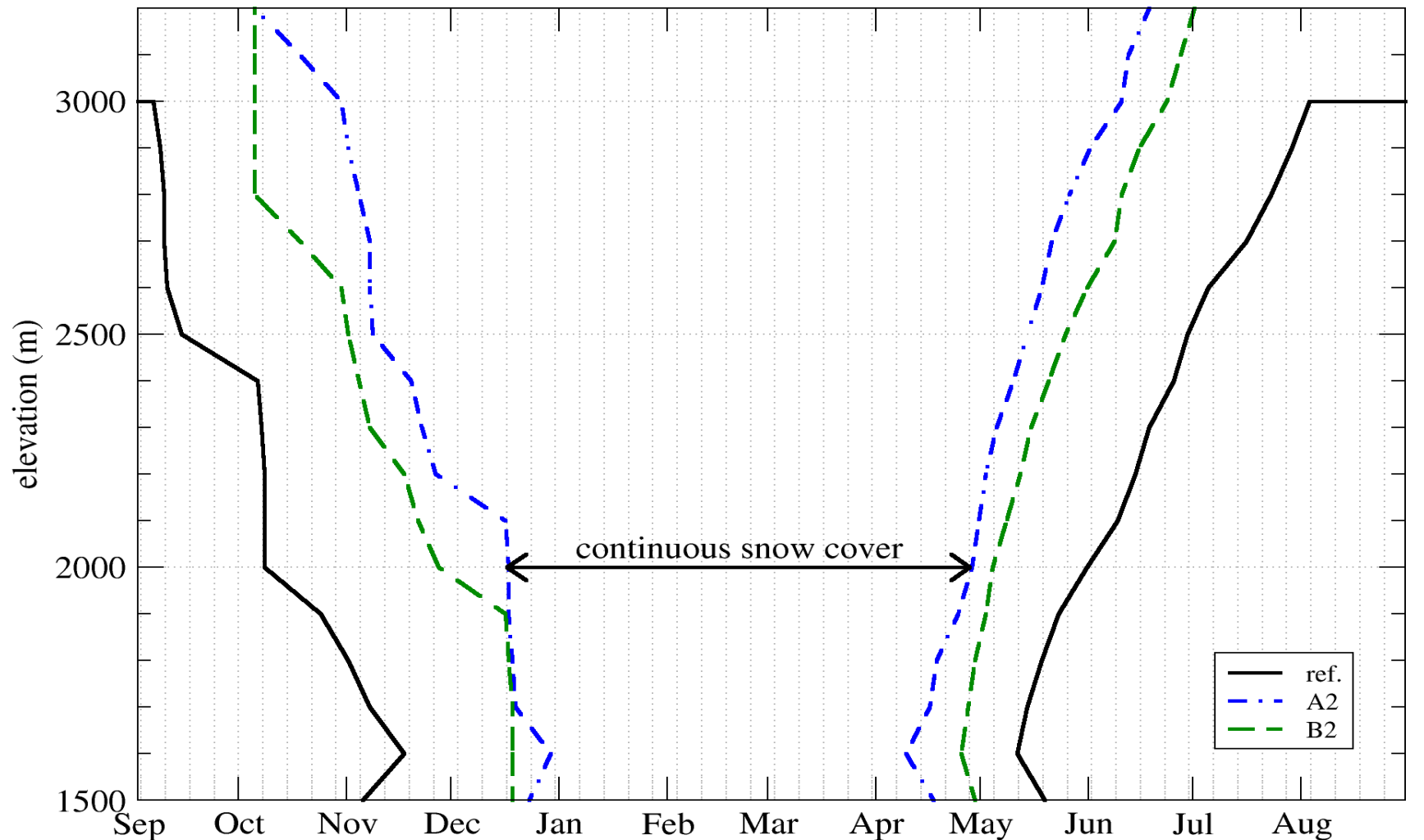
Number of snow days of the last 110 years





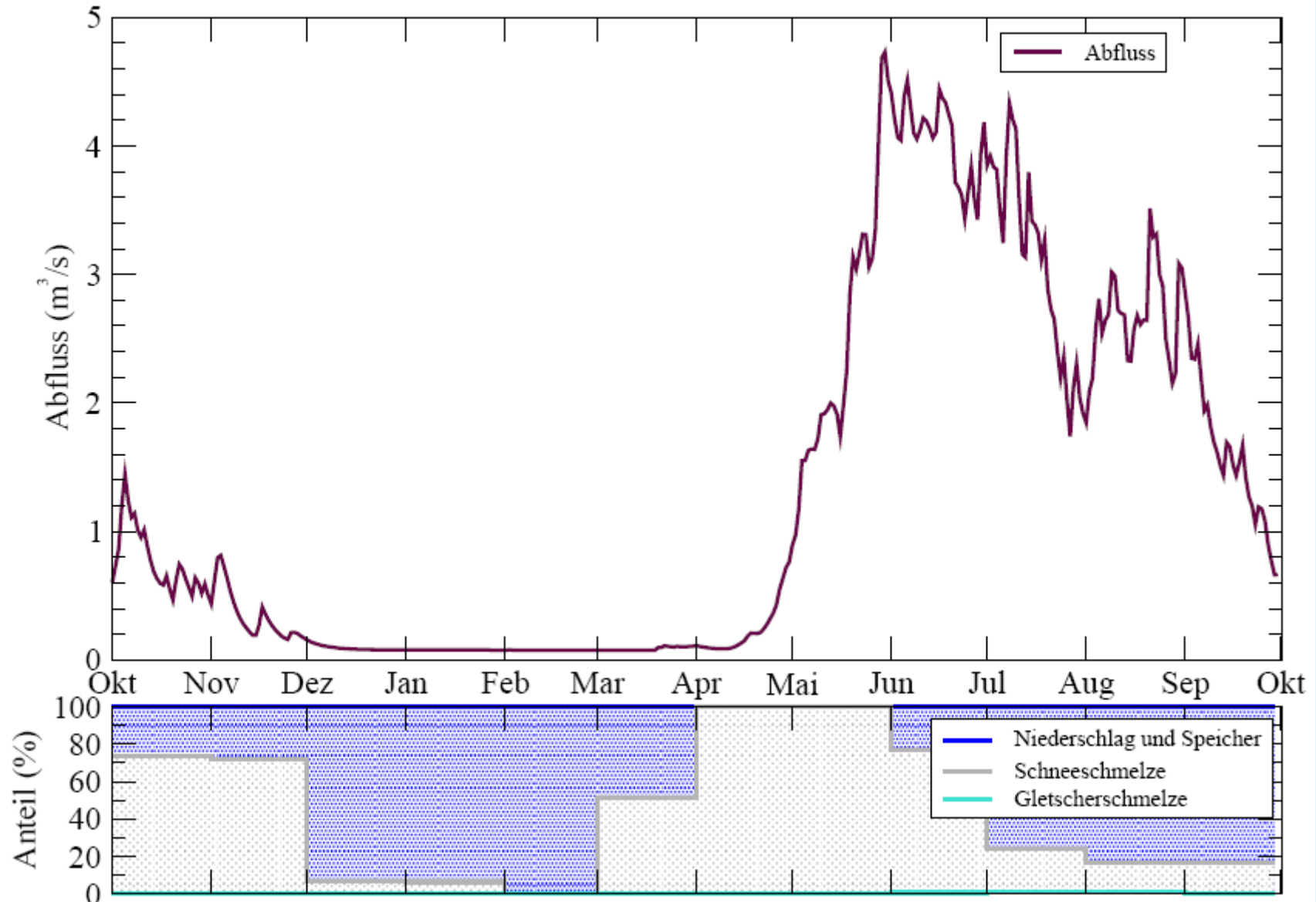
Change in snow duration as a function of altitude

Snow cover duration in the Dischma catchment



Climate Change Scenario A2

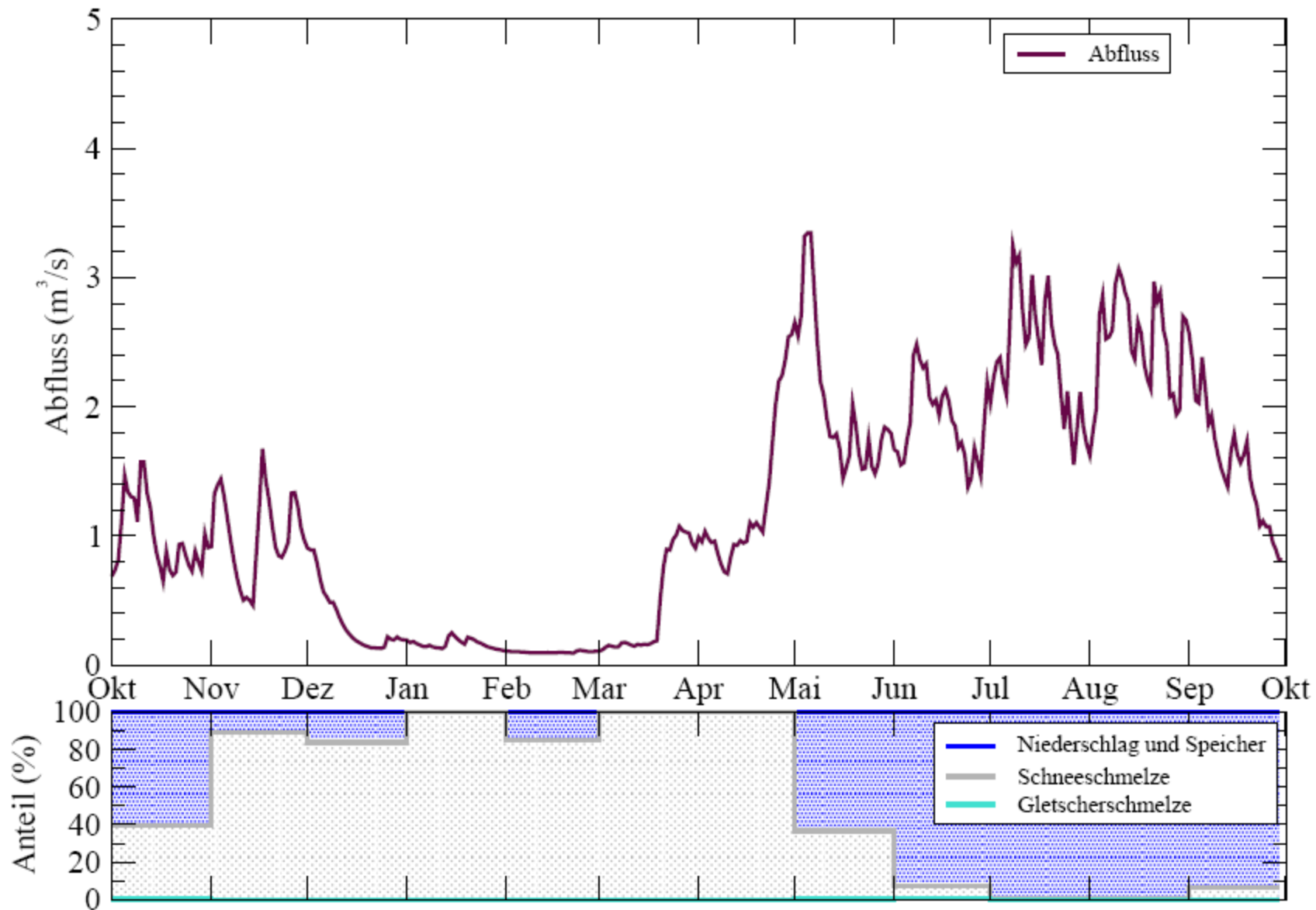
Referenz Simulation - gemittelt 10 Jahre





Climate Change Scenario A2

Scenario Simulation - gemittelt 10 Jahre



The end

- *Thanks to*

*Mathias Bavay, Juliette Blanchet,
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Zwaafink, Christoph Marty,
Norbert Raderschall, Michael
Schirmer, Vanessa Wirz*

